

Evening Telegraph

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MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1866.

American Soldiers in Foreign Service. At the commencement of our war, we eagerly hailed the accession of any foreigners who had, by experience, become adepts in the art of war. Five years ago we were the least military nation on the earth. We had no soldiers, no generals, no munitions. To-day, however, we appear in a different character. Our people are all warriors, and every citizen can boast of officers capable of leading armies with skill and to victory. Europe was at peace and we at war, then we demanded and Europe furnished—then we looked to her for leaders and she looked on us as war recruits. The events of the last year have changed our relative positions. To-day Europe is on the eve of war, and we have achieved a permanent peace. To-day she is looking to us for soldiers, and calling on us to furnish leaders.

We are not, therefore, surprised to find that, without display or ostentation, a large number of our field officers are preparing to enlist in the ranks of some of the monarchs of Europe. The love of military adventure, engendered by years of hardship and daring, has become a deep-seated necessity of enjoyment. Our soldiers, while many of them are glad to set back once more to the quiet and comfort of home life, have also among them thousands to whom civil pleasures are insipid, and who wish to seek in foreign service the excitement which they cannot find here. Hence, among them we find many who are not only talking, but actually preparing to enlist in European armies. This is particularly true in the case of the Germans. They have shown their bravery on many battlefields; they have acquired familiarity with danger and skill in war, not in theory but in practice; and now when their services are needed at home, we will not be surprised if many of them return. We understand that General ULLMAN, who commanded a large body of negro troops in Mississippi, has already accepted a commission from GARIBOLDI. To Italy will the greater number of volunteers flock, as she is the most republican; and as GARIBOLDI offered to come and aid us, so now will we offer to go and assist him. The negro troops, we are credibly informed, are particularly desirous of engaging, thus disproving all the slanders on their courage.

The treatment such volunteers will receive will be such as is extended to welcome allies and not mercenaries. The manner in which European powers welcome foreign body-guards is well known. The Scottish guard of LOUIS XI will be a precedent on which our modern monarchs will act, and American volunteers will be hailed as the fated favorites of European kings. It will be curious if such a new element in Europe does not introduce a spirit of republicanism as dangerous to the system as favorable to the temporary success of the Governments. From this little leaven we may soon expect to see the whole mass leavened.

Is There Such a Thing as Crime?

A Boston writer in the course of the controversy on the case of GREEN, the stolen murderer, had the courage or hardness to vindicate and extol vengeance as a moral attribute. There is no doubt whatever that the scaffold originally sprang from the seed of vengeance. Our puritan ancestry, with brutal impatience, when they could find no cure for a moral invader, went to work and killed him. The scaffold is a symbol of the cruelty and quackery of the past. The time comes when it will be deemed as cruel to kill men for crime or mental disease as new to kill them for pain or physical disease.—New York Tribune.

—We think the Tribune writer evinces more "hardhood" than did the Boston writer. If crime be merely "mental disease," why punish it at all? Who would think of imprisoning a man for being sick? According to the Tribune's theory there is no such thing, properly speaking, as crime—we what call "crime" being merely man's misfortune. A thief, a robber, a murderer, is no more to blame for being so than he is for having the measles or a fever; no more guilty than the tiger is for loving blood, or than water is for running down hill.

The essence of the Tribune's theory is pure materialism. There is no such thing as a proper personality in man. He is a mere link in nature's chain of causes and effects. His sins and crimes are as truly a part of nature as are his hands and his feet. Such terms as "responsibility," "guilt," "remorse," are without proper meaning. We might as well talk of a man's being guilty of rheumatism or the palsy, as of his being guilty of theft or murder! He can no more feel remorse for a bad deed than he can for a pain in his big toe. He is no more responsible for stealing his neighbor's horse than he is for having the headache. Crime is "mental disease," and it is as "cruel" to punish a man for it as it would be to punish him for "pain or physical disease."

We suspect that the time when such a doctrine as this will be generally entertained is very far distant. Our only present wonder is that the Tribune should have sent it forth with an editorial endorsement.

The Democratic Politicians versus The Common Sense of the People.

This great mistake that our Democratic politicians make is in underrating the intelligence of the masses. They seem to suppose that the action of the American people can be shaped and controlled by mere technicalities. They overlook the fact that great masses of men act primarily in view of their real or supposed interests. Thus, when the Rebellion was in its incipient stages, the Democrats undertook to shape the policy of the country on the technicality that the Constitution gave no power to the general Government to coerce a State. But the common sense of the people at once saw that this doctrine, if carried out, would result in the disruption of the nation; and, accordingly, the people repudiated that the great law of self-preservation was at the bottom of every National Constitution, and had no need to be expressed in words. Common sense saved the country.

As the war progressed and the question of emancipating the slaves came up, the Democrats again made a technical issue against the plain dictates of public necessity and justice. We had no power under the Constitution to

emancipate, they said. But again the common sense of the people triumphed. They saw that the slaves were an element of strength to the Rebels; hence they determined to deprive them of it. It was sufficient for the people that the national safety justified the step.

Again, at the present time, the Democrats are urging the immediate restoration of the late Rebels to political power in the Government on mere technical grounds; and again the common sense of the people refuses to look at the question in that light. What do the people care for metaphysical disquisitions concerning the status of States? They want protection, safety—peace. Common sense says that before we put power into the hands of the men who have just been trying to overthrow the Government by force, we must have such guarantees as shall make such a step safe. The people are painfully conscious of what it has cost to put the Rebellion down, and they mean, if possible, to prevent the recurrence of another.

It is vain for our Democratic politicians to parade their technicalities in the face of these plain demands of common sense. They will have no more success now than they did in preventing coercion or emancipation. The intelligence of the people brushes aside all these cobwebs spun by crafty politicians, and at once seizes upon those great considerations of public utility and safety which inspire true practical statesmanship.

Foreign News.

The news from Europe, by several steamers which arrived in New York yesterday, and by the *Albatross*, at Father Point, is up to June 1. The invitations to the Congress have all been accepted, and it will soon meet in Paris. Napoleon is expected to preside. Meanwhile, the spring of the hostile nations goes on. Austria has mobilized six hundred thousand men, and has her parks of field and siege artillery ready. Prussia and Italy are also arming rapidly, and the Prussians are concentrating at Glatz and Landshut. It is said, however, that Italy and Prussia will not attack during the conference.

As to the terms of the conference, it is said that Austria absolutely refuses all propositions looking to the cession of Venetia. As that is the apple of discord between her and Italy, the Congress is not likely to accomplish much in that direction. On the other hand, both Austria and Prussia protest against the Congress discussing questions relating exclusively to the internal interests of Germany, so that the main questions at issue between the hostile States are beforehand ruled out of the conference. In that case it would not seem to promise any very important results.

It is possible that the war clouds may blow over, but the probabilities are that the storm will ere long burst forth in all its fury. The financial condition in England is improving very slowly. The failure of H. J. ESTROVEN & Son, of London, with liabilities of £300,000, is announced. The Bank of England still charges 10 per cent. for discounts, and the pressure at these terms is heavy.

"PASSAGE OF THE LEAGUE ISLAND BILL."—The publication in Friday's TELEGRAPH of an analysis of the votes of the Pennsylvania delegation on the rejection of New London, and the selection of League Island as the site for the new Navy Yard, did unintentional injustice to the Hon. JOHN M. BROOMALL, of Delaware county. The name of Mr. BROOMALL, by a typographical error, was, in our contemporary from which we made up the analysis, placed in the stead of Mr. BROOMWELL, of Illinois. We discovered the error, and intended that the paragraph should have been omitted. Through another accident, however, it slipped into our local column. We are happy, however, to correct any false impression in regard to Mr. BROOMALL which such a statement may have caused. He was absent at Memphis, on an investigation committee, when the ballot was reached, and had he been present would have voted in favor of League Island. He is a gentleman for whose public career we have the highest respect, and is the last man to whom we would do injustice.

In regard to those we stated were absent and asked the cause, Messrs. STROUSE, JOHNSON, DENISON, and MILLER, we have received information. Mr. STROUSE was paired with Mr. WASHBURN, of Massachusetts; Mr. JOHNSON with Mr. DIXON of Rhode Island; Mr. MILLER with Mr. PERHAM of Maine; and Mr. DENISON with Mr. RAYMOND, of New York; while Mr. DENISON was confined to his bed by indisposition. General KOONTZ, who was stated to have been absent, has not yet secured the seat he is entitled to, hence his name was erroneously placed among the absentees. The vote properly stood:—

AYES—None. NAYS—Messrs. ANCONA, Barker, Boyer, Coffroth, Dawson, Glosbrenner, Kelley, Lawrence, Mercer, Moorhead, Myers, O'Neill, Randall, Scofield, Thayer, Williams, Wilson.—17. PAIRED—Messrs. JOHNSON, Miller, Stevens, and Strouse.—4. ABSENT—Messrs. Culver, Denison (sick), and Broomall (in Memphis).

SOUTHERN VIEWS OF THE FUTURE.—The Cincinnati Gazette, a paper renowned for the authenticity and correctness of its correspondence, publishes the following conversation between its writer and a well-known Southern officer. He expresses the views of his section with singular clearness, and in these views will be found doctrines worthy of the attention of thinking men. If, as we cannot doubt, such principles are prevalent in the South, we cannot but believe that, if their holders are admitted to power, it will bode some fierce convulsion to the State:—

"Well," said the ex-Confederate, "I consider the South as my country; and if we are ever reconquered to the North, she will have to meet us as equals. It can be done in no other way."
"And do you not consider the United States your country now?"
"I suppose I do," he replied, laughing, "at least until another rebel breaks out."
"And do you think there will be another rebellion?" I inquired.
"Not if the United States Government's property," was the reply, "but Southern blood won't stand any opposition."
"I suppose," said I, "that Southerners intend to obey the laws?"
"Oh, of course," he replied, "I intend to do that as long as there is peace."
"That is," said I, "you will be obedient to the laws as long as you are compelled to."
"That's about the idea," was the candid reply.
"And do you think," said I, "the Government should feel grateful to you for such obedience as that?"
"Indeed I do," he answered; "I think it should feel grateful for every hour I do not fight against it."
"And you think," said I, "that a man should regard as his country the portion of section in which he happens to live?"
"Certainly," said he.
"But," said I, "I do not understand you to say that you consider the United States as your country, for the present, at least?"
"Well, now suppose a rebellion should break out against the Government in New England, would you not assist to suppress it?"
"I didn't live in New England I would; if I did, I wouldn't."

A HINT TO TOBACCO CHEWERS

WEDDING-CAKE FINE CUT TOBACCO.

The only FINE CUT TOBACCO ever manufactured in Philadelphia. The Best in the Market. EVERYBODY USES IT. Manufactured from the Best Leaf. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

AN INTERESTING official report, by Dr. HURON, of the autopsy of the body of PROBST, made in the Jefferson Medical College by Dr. PAMCOART, will be found in our paper to-day.

Desperate Affray with a Burglar in Cincinnati.

THE DEATH OF CAPTAIN MENTER. The following is a detailed account of the struggle between Captain Menter, of the famous brass band in Cincinnati, and a burglar, which resulted in the death of the former, on Wednesday morning, about 1 o'clock. Captain Menter, of the famous "Menter's Brass Band," and his son Edgar, a young man about twenty-one years of age, upon returning to their home on Monmouth street, between Harris and Tubbs, from Lippincott's Circus, in Cincinnati, where the band played, found a burglar in their house.

The fellow had entered through the kitchen, and was just starting to go up stairs. He had on a pair of slippers, and his boots were slung over his shoulders. Captain Menter was immediately seized the burglar, when a desperate struggle ensued. The burglar, being a very powerfully built man, handed his two assailants pretty roughly at first, but they finally, after struggling over the floor, got into a porch, got him down, and Captain Menter was bending over him, when the fellow managed to draw his revolver and discharge one load, the contents taking effect in Captain Menter's bowels, producing a mortal wound. A moment after the burglar fired, young Edgar Menter wrenched the pistol from his hand, and shot him in the right hip; then, throwing down the weapon, and drawing his knife, he cut him some fifteen or eighteen times, finally breaking the blade of it in his breast. The report of the firing, and the noise produced by the struggle, together with the screams of Captain Menter's family, who were in an upper room, aroused a Mr. Ross, and several other persons, living in the immediate neighborhood, who rushed in and assisted in securing the burglar.

He gives his name as W. B. Watson, and says he came to Cincinnati from St. Louis. He is a native of New York, but was living in Missouri when the late Rebellion broke out. He enlisted in the 4th Missouri Infantry and served during the war. A bunch of small boys, two Confederate flags, and a counterpane, were found in his room. He is now lying in jail, where his wounds have been noted by Dr. Locke, City Physician. It is uncertain whether he will recover.

Judge Doshon, of the Campbell County Circuit Court, has ordered a special grand jury to be impaneled for the purpose of investigating the charge against Watson. Captain Menter's memory will long be kept alive in connection with picnics and cotton parties in Ohio and Kentucky.

WANAMAKER & BROWN, WAREHOUSES, 108 N. 3RD ST. HANDSOME CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, GAITHERS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, ETC. LOWEST PRICES.

BEST ASSORTMENT, BEST ASSORTMENT.

UNEXCEPTIONABLE FITS, UNEXCEPTIONABLE FITS.

OAK HALL, OAK HALL.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE. ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

On and after TUESDAY, May 1, the FREIGHT DEPARTMENT of this Company will be removed to the Company's New Building, S. E. cor. of JEFFERSON and MARKET STS. Entrance on Eleventh street and on Market street. All Money and Collection Business will be transacted, as heretofore, at No. 220 CHESTNUT STREET. Small Parcels and PACKS AND BOXES, and any calls entered thereon previous to 5 P. M. will receive attention same day, if within a reasonable distance from our office. Inquiries for rates and settlements to be made at No. 220 CHESTNUT STREET. JOHN BINGHAM, Superintendent.

WINE OF TAR SYRUP FOR COUGHS, Croup, and Affections of the Lungs. This mixture is entirely vegetable, and affords speedy relief in all pulmonary diseases, such as Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, &c. HARRIS & OLIVER, Druggists, Southeast Corner TENTH and CHESTNUT STS., Philadelphia.

THE ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Jersey W. O. Oil Company will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms, No. 405 CHESTNUT STREET, on TUESDAY, June 12, at 10 o'clock P. M. W. M. BARKLOW, Secretary.

A NEW ERA IN HORSE TRAINING. HORSE TRAINING MADE EASY! A NEW AND PRACTICAL SYSTEM OF TEACHING AND EDUCATING THE HORSE. BY ROBERT JENNINGS V. S., Author of "The Diseases of Horses," "Hatters and their Diseases," "sheep, swine, and Poultry," &c., &c. With numerous illustrations. Cloth. Price \$1.25. This popular author, who has made the Horse his life's study, and whose wonderful power over him is shown in the readiness with which he makes a willing subject of the most intractable, has at last consented to make his system public. It is so simple and so harmonious so thoroughly with the nature of this noble and useful animal, that a boy sixteen or sixteen years of age may handle and break the wildest one to harness in a very short time. It tells you:— How to break a kicking horse. How to break a balky horse. How to break a horse with a vicious temper. How to break pulling on the bit. How to break a horse afraid of a buffalo. How to break a horse truck. How to drive by the whip, without bridle, bit or reins. How to make him trot honest. How to shoe a horse. How to make him stand for shoeing. How to make him stand to be curried. How to make him stand while getting into a carriage. How to make a colt follow you. How to make a colt follow you. How to teach him to kiss you. How to teach him to shake hands. How to teach him to bow. How to teach him to bow. Sent to any address postpaid on receipt of price. Agents wanted everywhere. JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Publishers, 611 N. 3RD ST., PHILADELPHIA.

W. M. A. STEPHENS, General Agent, 611 N. 3RD ST., PHILADELPHIA.

EASTWICK PARK. SUMMER SEASON. BOATING AND FISHING. WILL OPEN ON THURSDAY, June 14. Subscriptions received at No. 408 WALNUT STREET.

RECONSTRUCTION FOR THE SPRING OF 1866. C. SOMERS & SON, No. 625 CHESTNUT STREET.

NEW SPRING SUIT. SPRING OVERCOATS, ENGLISH WALKING COATS, REGISTER AND FROCK COATS, SPRING RACK COATS, CASSIMERE SUITS TO MATCH.

REGULAR LINE FOR HARTFORD AND BOSTON, CONN., direct, via the DELAWARE CANAL. The steamer NIVADA, Captain Gregory, now lies at the wharf where below SPRUCE STREET, and will leave above on THURSDAY, 14th instant. Freight low. Apply to WILLIAM M. BAIRD & CO., No. 10 South WHARVES.

NEW FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT CAPE ISLAND.

UNDER THE CHARTER OF "The West Jersey Hotel Company."

THREE HOURS OF PHILADELPHIA, AND SEVEN AND A HALF OF NEW YORK, RENDERING MORE HOTELS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

The popular watering place at Cape Island, so important to invalids and those seeking recreation during the summer months, has for some years past fallen into comparative neglect, owing to tedious and uncertain means of access. No new improvements of importance could be made under this discouragement, notwithstanding the great superiority of the beach over all others as a bathing ground. Of late, however, an enterprise, stimulated by the certain prospect of liberal remuneration, has entirely reversed the old system of travel by a continuous railway, which has brought Cape May within

Which shall embody ALL the approved appliances for the COMFORT OF GUESTS only found in the modern hotels in our great city.

THE SITE SELECTED HAS AN OCEAN FRONT OF ONE THOUSAND AND EIGHTY FEET, AND CONTAINS ABOUT THIRTEEN ACRES.

AS WILL INSURE A VIEW OF THE OCEAN FROM EVERY ROOM.

ALL HOURS COMMAND HOT, WARM, OR TEPID BATHS OF PURE SEA WATER.

By walking a few yards from their respective rooms. And to accommodate those who find the hot season too short, and desire to remain in the autumn, provision will be made by a system of steam heating to secure them from cold or damp rooms during the inclement weather.

THE UNITED STATES PRIZE CONCERT TO HAVE BEEN GIVEN AT CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE Monday, May 28, 1866.

RINK HALL, WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO. On Monday, July 9, 1866.

WILL BE PRESENTED TO TICKET-HOLDERS, INCLUDING \$100,000 IN GREENBACKS.

WE ADVISE ALL PARTIES WANTING TICKETS TO send for them without delay, as we have but a limited number yet on hand. We wish most particularly to impress upon the minds of our Agents the importance of their making their returns at once, and of recollecting that every error may have crept into their reports heretofore. We will say no more as to the sending for tickets, that if they should all be sold at the time their order is received, the money will be returned.

COMBINED POLICIES FROM ONE TO FIVE YEARS. ACCIDENT POLICIES FROM ONE MONTH TO TEN YEARS. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED FOR ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

Whether ACCIDENT, CHOLERA, or DISEASE of any kind, will yield the compensation for DISABILITY from ACCIDENT.

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GREAT FIRE AT SHAMOKIN!

Burning of an Entire Block of Buildings.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFE PRESERVES ITS CONTENTS IN THE HOTTEST OF THE FIRE!

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 26, 1866. Messrs. FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia.

Gents:—I had the misfortune to have my Store and stock of Goods, which was large, burned on the 4th inst. All that was saved was my books, papers, and money, in one of your Patent Safes.

The fire was very large, consuming a block of buildings, and your Safe was in the hottest part of the fire. I shall send the old Safe to you, and want you to ship me one of next size larger.

Yours truly, VALENTINE FAGELY.

FARREL, HERRING & CO., No. 629 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.

HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, NEW YORK.

HERRING & CO., Chicago, ONLY MANUFACTURERS OF HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES.

FIRE PROOF, DAMP PROOF, AND RUST PROOF. ALSO, ONLY MAKERS OF FARREL, HERRING & CO.'S IMPROVED BANKERS' SAFES.

MADE WITH THE FRANKLINITE, OR PATENT CRYSTALLIZED IRON. The only metal which will SUCCESSFULLY RESIST a Burglar's Drill. 6 x 6 wtm34p

POSTPONEMENT. THE UNITED STATES PRIZE CONCERT TO HAVE BEEN GIVEN AT CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE Monday, May 28, 1866.

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ONE THOUSAND SHETLAND SHAWLS.

EDWIN HALL & CO., No. 28 S. SECOND Street.

Have in Store a great variety of SHETLAND SHAWLS.

To which they invite the attention of Wholesale and Retail Buyers.

SHETLAND SHAWLS at.....\$3 50 SHETLAND SHAWLS at.....\$4 50 SHETLAND SHAWLS at.....\$6 00

ALSO, AN INVOICE OF REAL SHETLAND SHAWLS. 8 3/4 fawlt

MONTE CRISTO Gold and Silver Mining Co. OF NEVADA. CAPITAL, \$2,000,000 Shares, \$20. FULL PAID STOCK. Working Capital, \$300,000. 7500 Shares Only For Sale BEING PREFERRED STOCK Bearing 25 Per Cent. Interest Per Annum in Coin.

PRESIDENT, E. FREEMAN PRENTISS, Philadelphia. TREASURER, H. C. YOUNG, Cashier Commonwealth Nat Bank, Philadelphia. SECRETARY, THOMAS DUNLAP, Philadelphia. MINING SUPERINTENDENT, T. J. MURPHY, Nevada.

OFFICE, No. 413 CHESTNUT St., Philad., Room No. 5.

The above Company has lately been organized with extensive and valuable Silver Mines in the celebrated White Pine Mining District, Lander county, Nevada.

Parties desiring to invest in a bona fide, legitimate Mining Company, where the subscribers to the Working Capital Stock receive the largest share of the earnings, and are guaranteed a large interest on their money, are invited to examine the Prospectus of this Company, which may be obtained at the office, No. 413 CHESTNUT Street.

The Mines are now being worked, and machinery will be erected at once.

Subscriptions received at the office, or by mail, addressed to the Secretary, Post Office Box 1902 Philadelphia. 5 1/2 wtm34p

SUMMER TRAVEL. Via North Pennsylvania Railroad. SHORTEST AND MOST PLEASANT ROUTE TO WILKESBARRE, MAUCH CHUNK, EASTON, ALLENTOWN, BETHLEHEM, HAZLETON, AND ALL POINTS IN THE Lehigh and Wyoming Valleys. Commodious Cars, Smooth Track, Fine Scenery. Excellent Hotels. Are the Specialties of this Route.

Through to Wilkesbarre and Mauch Chunk without change of cars. The new road between the summit of its mountain and Wilkesbarre opens up views of unsurpassed beauty, and the new fuel provides the best and most ample accommodations for summer visitors. Excursion Tickets from Philadelphia to principal points, issued FROM TICKET OFFICES ONLY, at reduced rates, on Saturdays, good to return till Monday evening. Excursion Tickets to Wilkesbarre, good for ten days, issued any day.

THROUGH TRAINS. Cars leave the Depot, THIRD and THOMPSON Streets at 7 1/2 A. M., 1 1/2 P. M., and 5 1/2 P. M. For particulars, see time table in other columns. ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

A CARD. Special Notice to Our Old Friends and the Public Generally.

The JONES' One Price Clothing House, established sixteen years ago, is still in successful operation at the old location, No. 604 MARKET Street, one door above Sixth, and has not changed its mode of conducting business, which is exactly the same as of old in operation for many years, namely, "One Price and no haggling." The clothing we make is of the most substantial character, both as to materials and workmanship, so that our customers never can complain of either. Our stock is large, and plain or fashionable people can be well suited. Our customers should be careful to get in the right place, as there is no other establishment in the city in our line of business strictly "one-price."

JONES' ONE-PRICE CLOTHING. No. 604 MARKET STREET, ONE DOOR ABOVE SIXTH. 6 3/4 fawlt

FRESH TOMATOES.—300 CASES FRESH TOMATOES, just received, and for sale by HERVEY & ARVY, No. 40 North WATER Street. 8 1/4

AUG. TILLMES, FINE CONFECTIONER, No. 42 North EIGHTH Street, BELOW ARCH.

Hothouse Grapes, fresh every day. Glace Pineapples, and Glace Fruit of all kinds in season. Fine Fruits, Jellies, and Cakes. Every variety of Ice Cream. Water Ices, Candies, etc., all of the best quality. A new Stock in our Store. 6 2/4 p